

Shell evolution based on chiral nuclear force

Progress in Ab Initio Techniques in Nuclear Physics
Feb 28 - Mar 3, 2017 @TRIUMF

Sota Yoshida

collaborators

M. Kohno (RCNP, Osaka)

T. Miyagi (UT)

T. Abe (UT)

T. Otsuka (UT)

N. Tsunoda (CNS, UT)

N. Shimizu (CNS, UT)

Special thanks

Petr Navrátil (TRIUMF)

Ragnar Stroberg (TRIUMF)



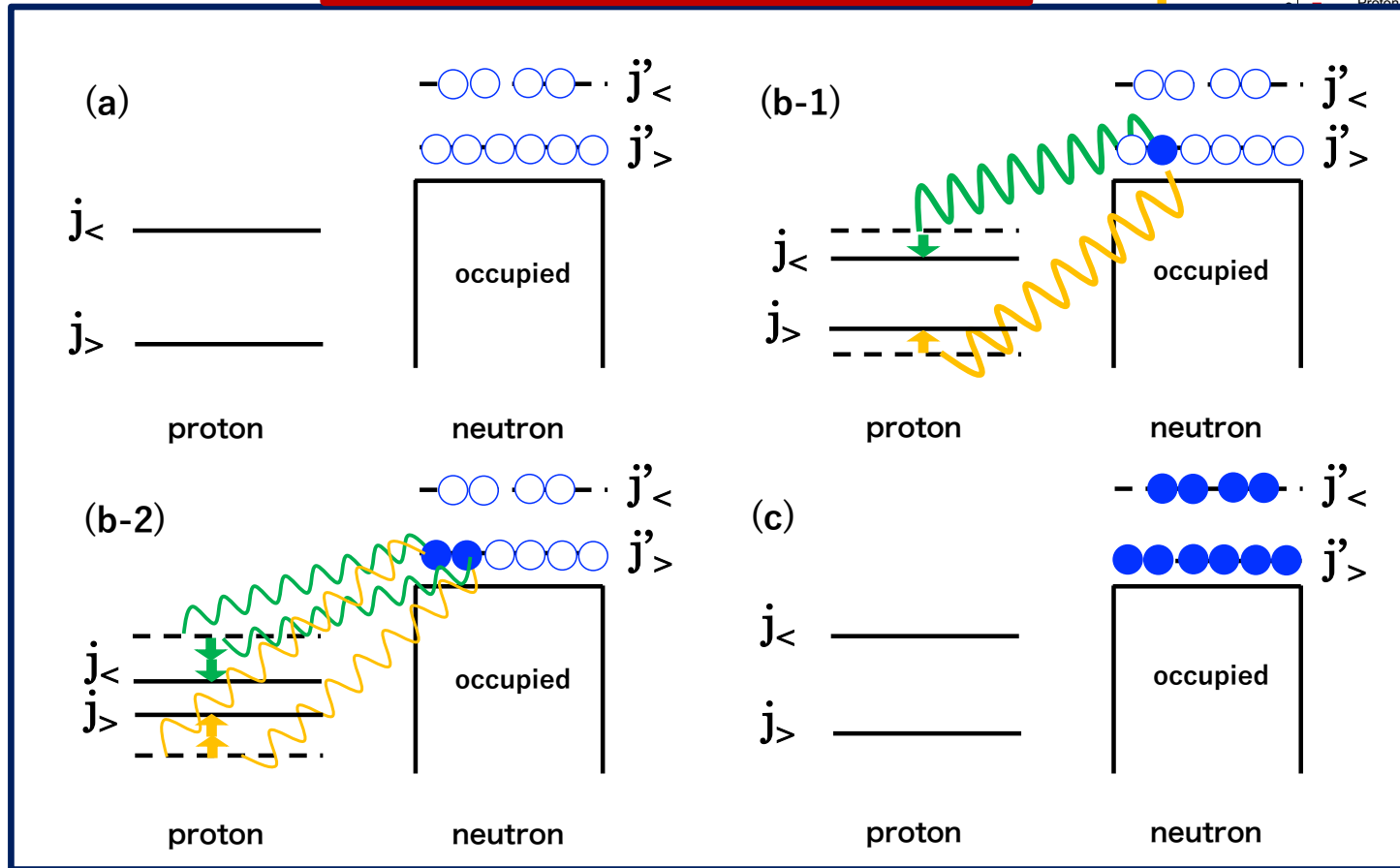
THE UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO



MERIT Materials Education program for the future leaders in Research, Industry, and Technology

Shell evolution due to the tensor force

$$(2j_{>} + 1) v_{m; j_{>}, j'}^T + (2j_{<} + 1) v_{m; j_{<}, j'}^T = 0,$$



As N increases,
single particle energies evolve

central : parallel shift
 tensor : **widen/reduce**
 spin-orbit : **widen** (small)

FIG. from SY master's thesis

Shell evolution due to the tensor force

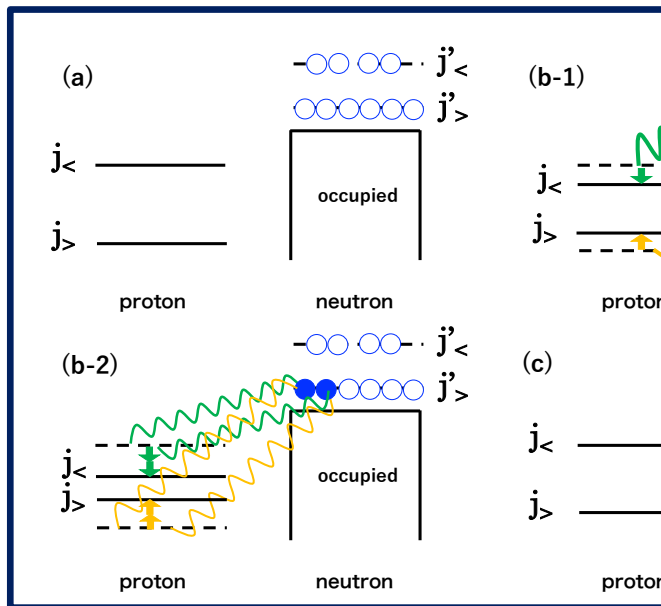


FIG. from
Phys. Scr. **T152** (2013) 014007
T. Otsuka

based on π + p tensor

How about chiral forces ?

Phys. Scr. **T152** (2013) 014007

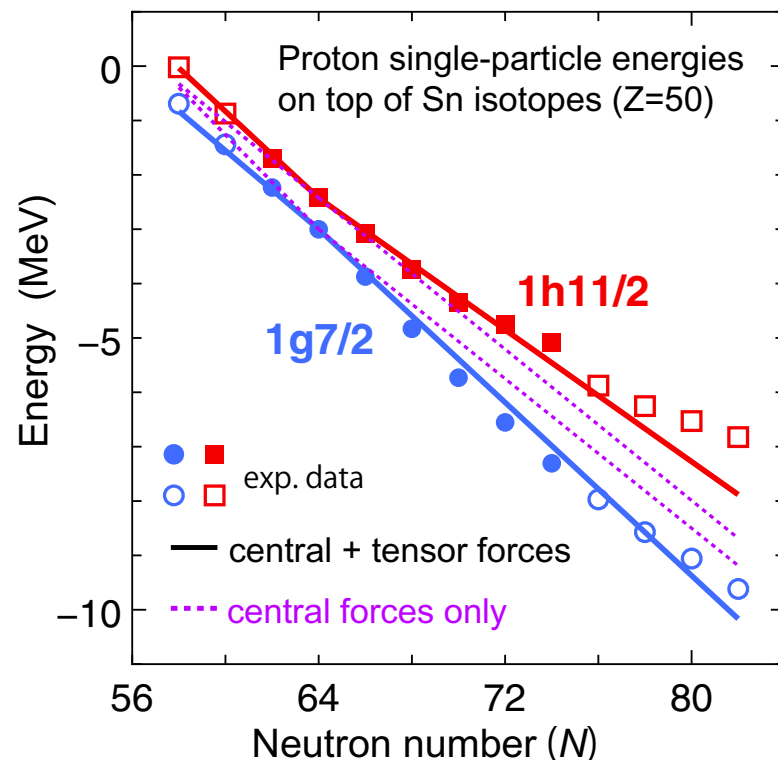


Figure 7. SPEs of proton $0h_{11/2}$ and $0g_{7/2}$ orbits on top of Sn isotopes as functions of the neutron number N . The solid lines are calculations with the tensor-force effect, whereas the dotted lines are without it. Symbols are experimental data: fragmentation of single-particle strength is considered for filled circles, while bare levels are used for open symbols. Experimental data are from Schiffer *et al* [15].

The wide variety of NN/NNN in chiral EFT

● NN

$$\text{EM} : \Lambda = 500, 600 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{EGM} : \Lambda/\Lambda_{\text{SFR}} = 450/500 \text{ MeV}$$
$$450/700 \text{ MeV}$$
$$550/600 \text{ MeV}$$
$$600/600 \text{ MeV}$$
$$600/700 \text{ MeV}$$

● NNN

- LEC for NNN

$$\text{e.g., } -0.3 < \mathbf{C}_D < -0.1, -0.220 < \mathbf{C}_E < -0.189$$

c.f. D. Gazit, S. Quaglioni, and P. Navrátil, PRL **103**, 102502 (2009).

- How to include

N.O. w.r.t. the reference state

N.O. w.r.t. the Fermi gas

- A_{3N} & regulator form

EM

D. R. Entem and R. Machleidt,
PRC **68**, 041001(R) (2003).

D. R. Entem and R. Machleidt,
Phys. Rept. **503**, 1 (2011).

EGM

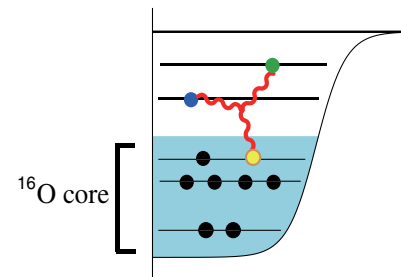
E. Epelbaum, W. Gloöckle, and U.-G. Meißner,
Eur. Phys. J. A **19**, 401 (2004).

E. Epelbaum, W. Gloöckle, and U.-G. Meißner,
Nucl. Phys. A **747**, 362 (2005).

The conditions for MBPT



$\hbar\omega = 12 \text{ MeV} \times$
 $e_{\text{max}} = 16, e_{3\text{max}} = 10$
 $\lambda = 2.0 \text{ fm}^{-1}$



\times strong repulsion in ind-3N



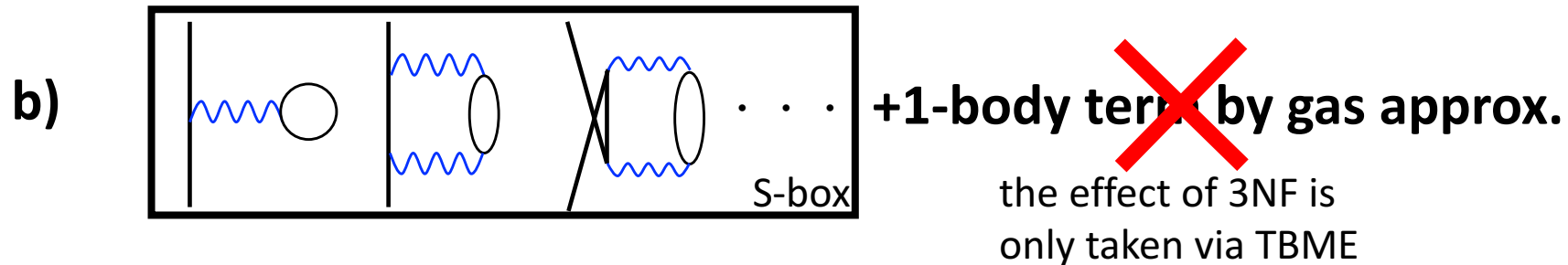
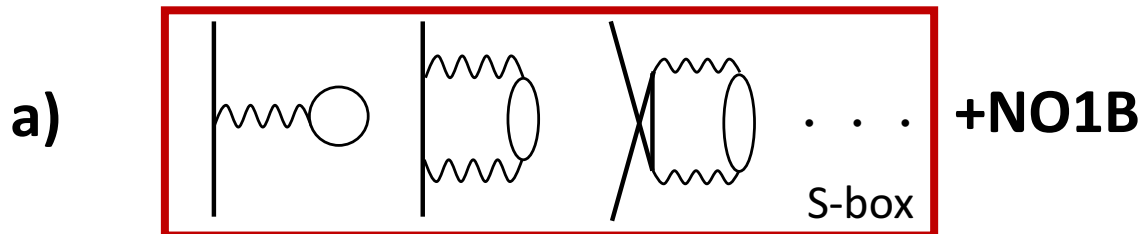
$\hbar\omega = 12 \text{ MeV}$
 $e_{\text{max}} = 16$
 $\lambda = 1.8 - 2.2 \text{ fm}^{-1} / \Lambda_{\text{lowk}} = 2.1 \text{ fm}^{-1}$
 $\exp\left[-(p'/\Lambda_{3N})^6 - (p/\Lambda_{3N})^6\right]$ and $\Lambda_{3N} = 500 \text{ MeV}$

shell model effective interaction

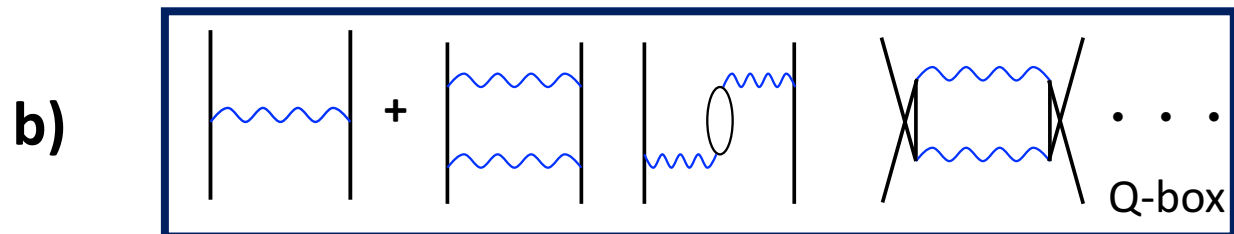
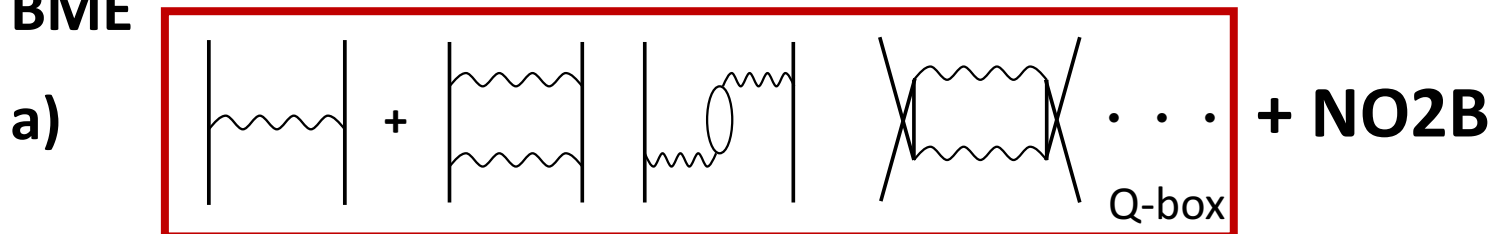
$$H = \sum_i E_i a_i^\dagger a_i + \sum_{ijkl} V_{ij,kl} a_i^\dagger a_j^\dagger a_k a_l,$$

SPE
TBME

- **SPE**



- **TBME**



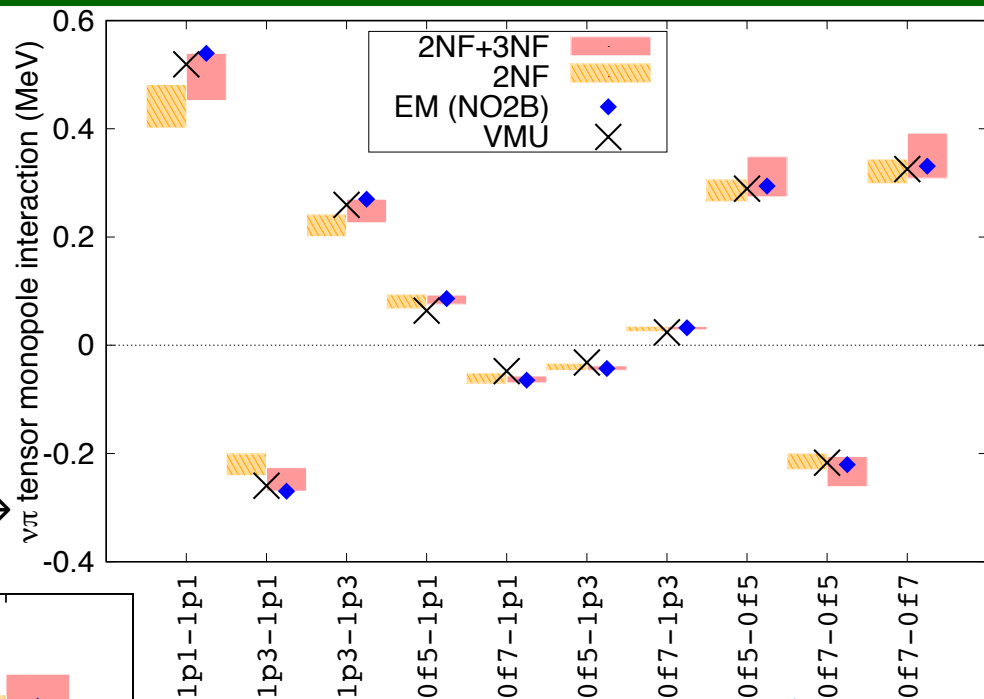
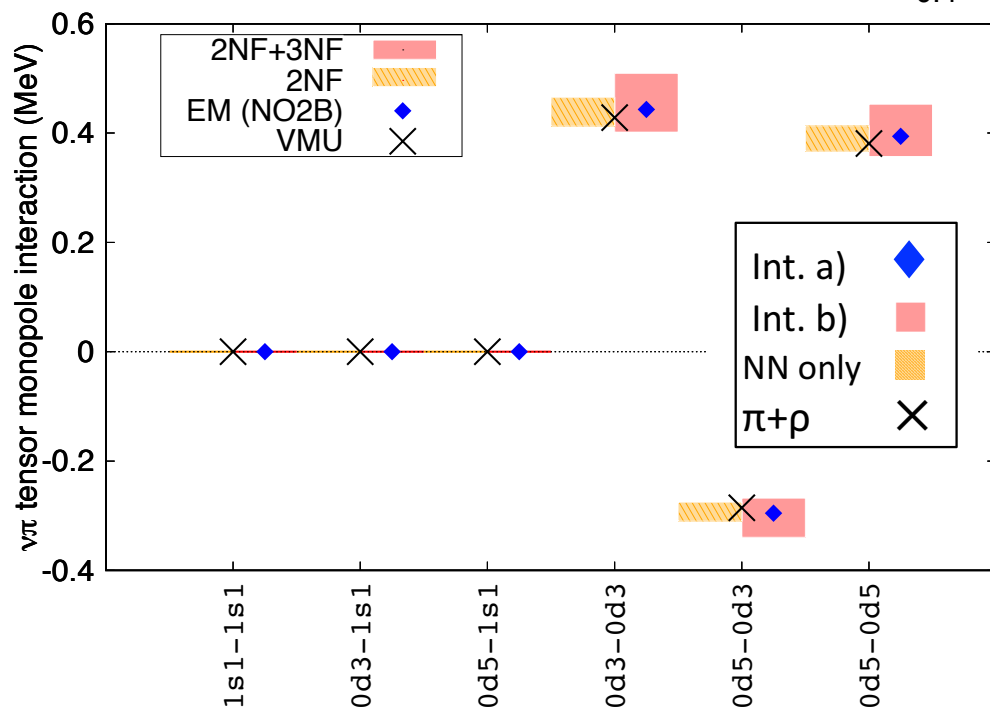
The robustness of tensor forces

angular averaged tensor force in
neutron-proton interaction

- gas (red bands) : density-dependent
- NO2B \blacklozenge : normal ordering w.r.t. $^{16}\text{O}(sd)$ and $^{40}\text{Ca}(pf)$

↓ sd shell

pf shell →



important for
N=34 magic number in Ca

VMU: embodies shell evolution
T. Otsuka *et al.* PRL. **95**, 232502 (2005);
104, 012501 (2010)

**tensor force in chiral forces is
consistent with that of VMU($\pi+\rho$)**

Tensor forces are robust against

1. softening procedure (SRG/ $V_{\text{low}k}$)

not sensitive to the λ/Λ (natural)

2. renormalization procedure (MBPT)

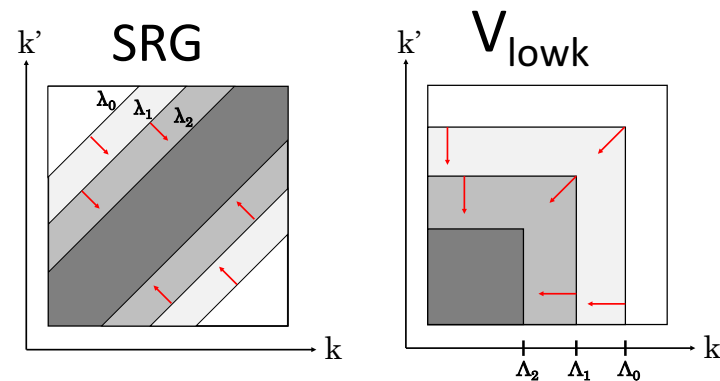
non-trivial (summation of Q-box diagrams)

Renormalization Persistency

N. Tsunoda *et al.* PRC **84**, 044322 (2011).

3. effective 2NF from 3NF (Fermi gas / N.O. w.r.t. the core)

tensor force from 3NFs enhances original 2NFs,
but not large



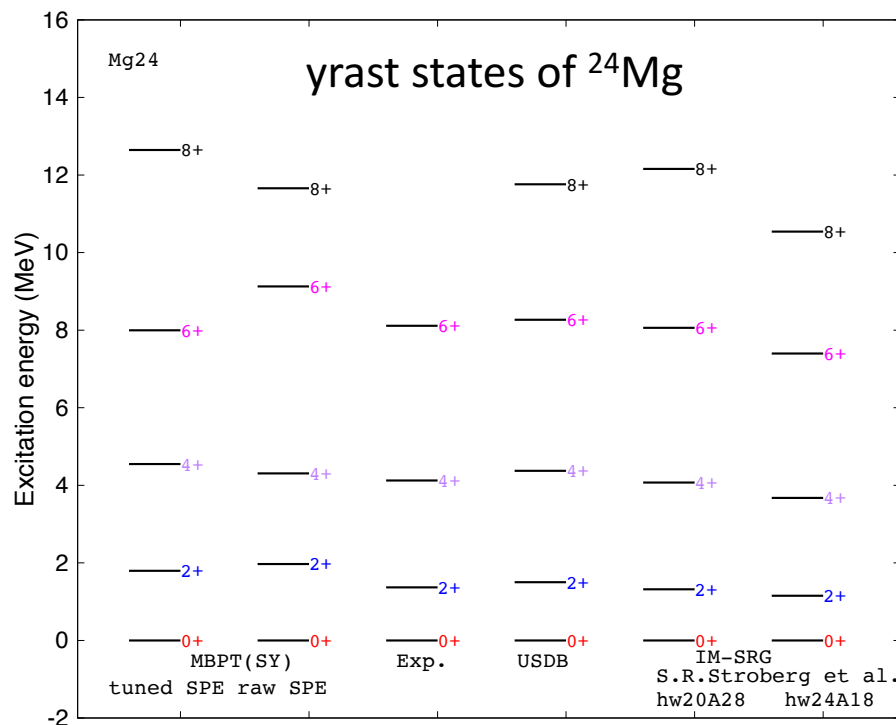
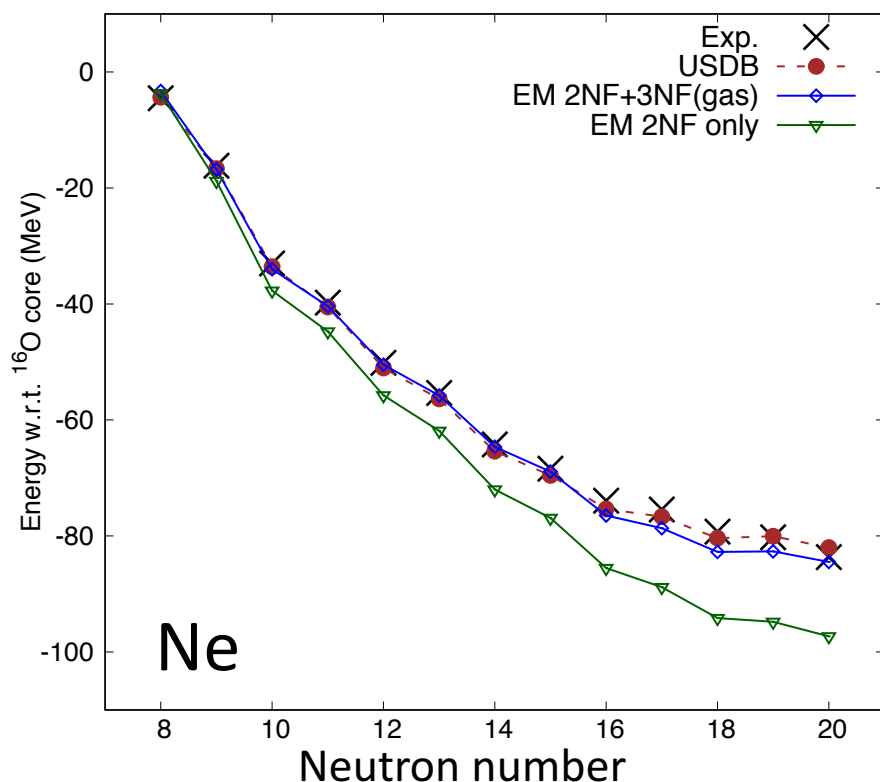
Summary

- The strength of tensor force which embodies shell evolution can be also understood by chiral forces

$V_{\text{lowk}}/\text{SRG}$, MBPT, the way to handle 3NF

Int. b)

- SPEs should be improved, but the density-dependent NN force from NNLO 3NF picks up the *essence* of 3NF as well as Int. a)



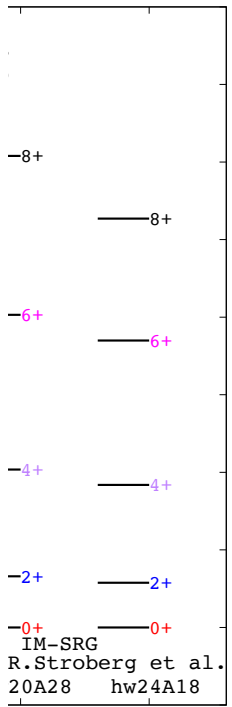
spectra for all *sd*-shell nuclei

tion

t. b)

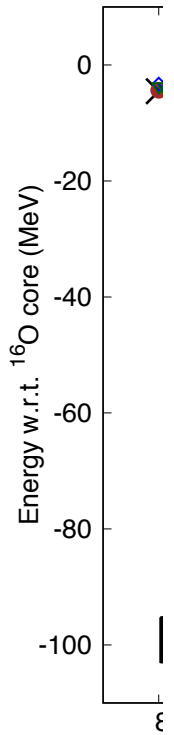
↓

ll as



- TI
- ca

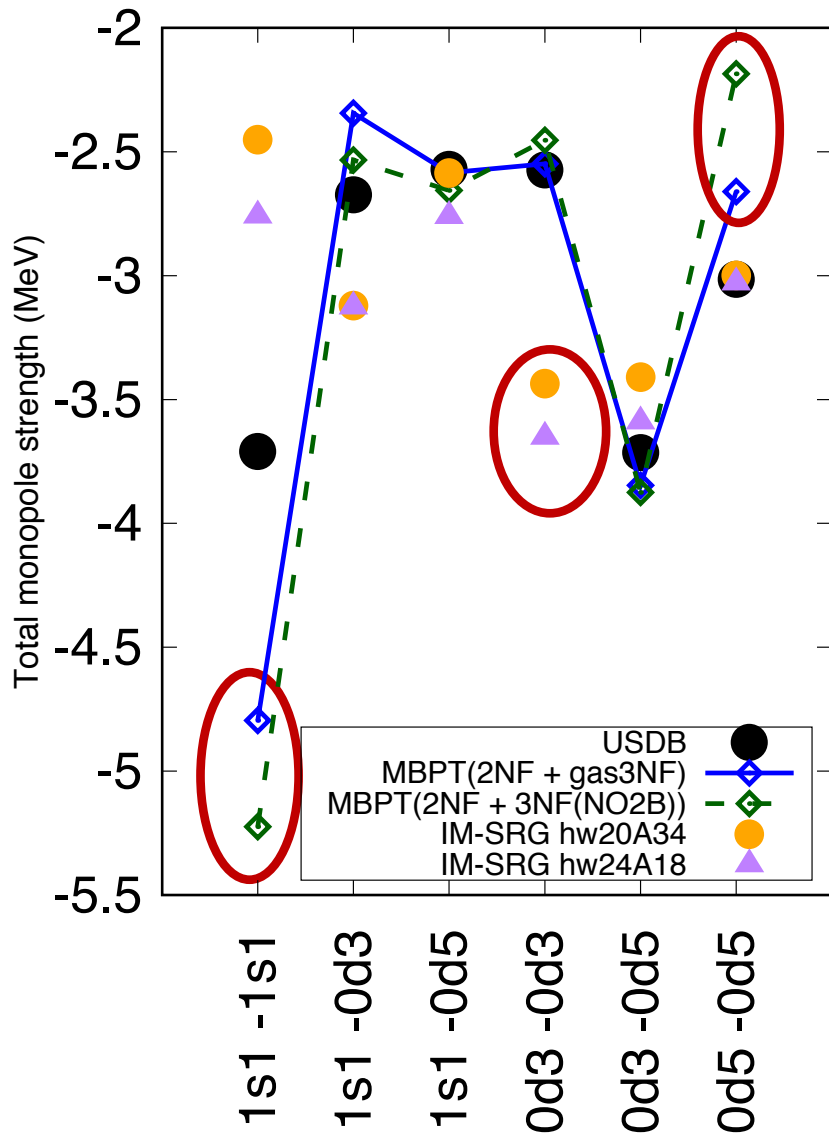
- SI
- fo
- Ir



monopole analysis of TBME (Q-box)

Total

T=0 part



T=1 part

